

Observing Application

Date : Apr, 17 2012 Proposal ID : VLBA/12A-468 Legacy ID : BO41 PI : Juergen Ott Type : Director's Discretionary Time - Exploratory Time Category : Active Galactic Nuclei Total Time : 12.0

Nature of a newly detected water maser in the core of Centaurus A

Abstract:

Recently, we detected a water maser in Centaurus A with the Australia Telescope Compact Array. The maser location is within ~110pc of the central AGN (our beam size) and 400km/s offset to the systemic velocity. The most likely scenarios for the maser origin are a) a "disk maser" emerging from the accretion disk around the black hole or b) a "jet maser" emitted from the shocked material that the jet is impacting as it expands outwards. We request VLBA time as it is the only telescope with enough spatial resolution to distinguish between the two options. If confirmed a "disk maser", it would be the first in an early-type galaxy and by far the most nearby water maser in any AGN system. Disk masers are outstanding tools to study the details of the central kinematics and geometry, energetics, and distance. The rare "jet masers" would be used to study shock velocities, gas densities, and excitation and pumping mechanisms. They also promise to be a tool to determine jet velocities via follow-up reverberation campaigns. Water masers are typically time variable and thus we ask for a time allocation while the source is still observable.

Authors:

Name	Institution	Email	Status			
Juergen Ott	National Radio Astronomy Observatory	jott@nrao.edu				
Dave Meier	New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology	dmeier@nmt.edu				
Mark McCoy	New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology	mmccoyemet@gmail.com	Graduating: N/A Thesis: false			
Walter Brisken	National Radio Astronomy Observatory	wbrisken@nrao.edu				
Alison Peck	National Radio Astronomy Observatory/ALMA Chile	apeck@alma.cl				
C. M. Violette Impellizzeri	National Radio Astronomy Observatory	violette@nrao.edu				
Muller Sebastien	Onsala Space Observatory	mullers@chalmers.se				
Christian Henkel	Max-Planck-Institut für Radioastronomie	p220hen@mpifr-bonn.mpg.de				
Philip Edwards	Australia Telescope National Facility	philip.edwards@csiro.au				
Fabian Walter	Max-Planck-Institut fur Astronomie	walter@mpia.de				

Principal Investigator:	Juergen Ott
Contact:	Juergen Ott
Telephone:	+1-575-835-7174
Email:	jott@nrao.edu

Related proposals:

Not a Joint Proposal

Observing type(s):

Spectroscopy

VLBA Resources

Name	Details		Stations		Observing Parameters		Correlat Paramet	-		
H2O	Wavelength:	1.3 cm	VLBA Br	Fd 🖌	Hn	Кр 🖌	Bandwidth: Baseband	16 MHz 8	Full Polarization Pulsar Gate	1
	Processor: Observing	Socorro-DiFX Standard	La 🖌 Pt 🖌 HSA	Mk 🖌 Sc 🖌	NI 🖌	Ov 🖌	Channels Sample Rate (Msample/s)	32	Correlator Passes Integration	1 0.25
			Ar VLA-Y27	Ef	GBT		Bits/Sample Polarization	2 Dual	Period (sec) Spectral Points /BBC	128
			VLA-Y1 Geodetic	;			Agg. Bit Rate (Mbits/sec)	512	No of Fields	1

Sources:

Name	Position		Velocity		Group		
	Coordinate System	Equatorial	Convention	Radio	CenA		
	Equinox	J2000					
	Right Ascension	13:25:27.61	Ref. Frame	LSRK			
		00:00:00.0					
	Declination	-43:01:08.8	Velocity	547.12131			
	00:00:00.0	velocity	347.12131				

Sessions:

Name	Session Time (hours)	Repeat	Separation	GST minimum	GST maximum	Elevation Minimum
CenA-H2O	4.00	3	0 day	18:40:00	22:40:00	0

Session Constraints:

Name	Constraints	Comments
CenA-H2O		RMS noise assumes an average of 7 stations on source for 150 minutes. Inflated the EVN calculator sensitivity from 0.29 to 1 mJy due to very low elevation observing. This is based on a 10 MHz wide spectral feature as was seen at ATCA.

Session Source/Resource Pairs:

Session Name	Source	Resource	Time	Figure of Merit
CenA-H2O	CentaurusA	H2O	4.0 hour	1 mJy/bm